

# CSSE 220 Day 4

Practice Implementing Classes in Java  
and an Intro. to Java Graphics

Open WordGames project and specification from  
Homework 3

# Outline

- ▶ WordGames: example and work time
- ▶ Live coding: a Java graphics program



# Another WordGames Example

```
1  /**
2   * A NameDropper puts "foo says " before its given string, where foo is the name
3   * that the particular NameDropper drops.
4   *
5   * @author David Mutchler. Created December 4, 2009.
6   */
7  public class NameDropper implements StringTransformable {
8
9      private String nameToDrop;
10
11     /**
12      * Sets "Madonna" as this NameDropper's name to drop.
13      */
14     public NameDropper() {
15         this.nameToDrop = "Madonna";
16     }
17
18     /**
19      * Sets the given String as this NameDropper's name to drop.
20      *
21      * @param nameToDrop
22      */
23     public NameDropper(String nameToDrop) {
24         this.nameToDrop = nameToDrop;
25     }
26
27     /**
28      * Returns the String that results from putting "foo says " before its given
29      * string, where foo is the name that this particular NameDropper drops.
30      *
31      * @param stringToTransform
32      * @return the String that results from putting "foo says " before its given
33      *         string, where foo is the name that this particular NameDropper
34      *         drops.
35      */
36     @Override
37     public String transform(String stringToTransform) {
38         return this.nameToDrop + " says " + stringToTransform;
39     }
40 }
```

Q1-11

# Word Games Work Time

*Get help  
if you're  
stuck*

- ▶ Java if statements are like C:

```
if (x < 12) {  
    System.out.println("x is small");  
}
```

- ▶ Use % for modulus, like C:

```
if (x % 2 == 0) {  
    System.out.println("x is even");  
}
```

- ▶ Java for loops are almost like C:

```
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i += 2) {  
    System.out.println("next even is " + i);  
}
```



# On to Java Graphics

Check out `IntroToJavaGraphics` project from SVN

# Simplest Java Graphics Program

```
import javax.swing.JFrame;  
/**  
 * From Ch 2, Big Java.  
 * @author Cay Horstmann  
 */  
  
public class EmptyFrameViewer {  
    /**  
     * Draws a frame.  
     * @param args ignored  
     */  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        JFrame frame = new JFrame();  
        frame.setSize(300, 400);  
        frame.setTitle("An Empty Frame");  
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);  
        frame.setVisible(true);  
    }  
}
```

This code is already in your project for today

Creates a graphics frame object

Configures it

Display the frame

Tells Java to exit program when user closes the frame

# Live Coding

MyViewer and MyComponent  
(Based on RectangleViewer  
and RectangleComponent  
from Big Java)

Schedule page has link to detailed instructions if you'd rather work ahead.

# Other Shapes

- ▶ **new Ellipse2D.Double(double x, double y, double w, double h)**
- ▶ **new Line2D.Double(double x1, double y1, double x2, double y2)**
- ▶ **new Point2D.Double(double x, double y)**
- ▶ **new Line2D.Double(Point2D p1, Point2D p2)**
- ▶ **new Arc2D.Double(double x, double y, double w, double h, double start, double extent, int type)**
- ▶ Try these!
  - Add an ellipse and both kinds of lines to **MyComponent**

# Interlude

- ▶ Ivan Sutherland's Sketchpad
  - 1962
  - The first GUI?
  - The first object-oriented system
- ▶ Alan Kay narrating video of Sketchpad:
  - <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=495nCzxM9PI>



# Adding Text

- ▶ To add some text to a component:
  - `graphics2.drawString("some text", x, y);`
- ▶ You can change the font *before* drawing the text:
  - `Font f = new Font("Times New Roman",  
Font.PLAIN, 72);  
graphics2.setFont(f);`

Style. Other alternatives are:  
`Font.BOLD`,  
`Font.ITALIC`, and  
`Font.BOLD | Font.ITALIC`

Font size in  
points

# Colors

- ▶ To change the Graphics2D object's "pen" color:
  - **Color c = ...; // see below**  
**graphics2. setColor(c);**
- ▶ Lots of colors:
  - **new Color(red, green, blue)**, all from 0 to 255
  - **Color.RED, Color.WHITE**, etc. (see Javadocs)
  - **new Color(red, green, blue, alpha)**, all from 0 to 255. **alpha** is transparency
- ▶ To fill interior of shape:
  - **graphics2. fill(box);**



# Making Faces

- ▶ Due session 6
  - Look over project as part of HW4
  - Complete project as part of HW5
- ▶ Implement a class that draws a face of a given size at a given location. You should also be able to mutate (translate and rotate) it.
  1. Specification (in HW)
  2. Design together next session (UML)
  3. Code (incrementally)

